

O
by V T

Submission date: 22-Jun-2021 06:57AM (UTC-0500)

Submission ID: 1610593150

File name: articles.edited.docx (19.04K)

Word count: 716

Character count: 4041

Article Reflection

Name

Institution

Course

Instructor

Date

Article Reflection

Article 1

The best perspective that describes inmate misconduct is the importation model because it deals with past experiences. Morris & Worrall (2014) claim that the importation model argues that inmates' behavior occurs based on their attitude, involvements, and features created before they join the prison. Therefore, some of the influences comprise age, social class and education level.

Inmates usually develop relationships that are inappropriate and can result in insecurity within the prison. Therefore, proper architectural designs are required to easily supervise the inmates' interactions. campus design architecture is the best in deterring unsuitable relationships. Morris & Worrall (2014) emphasized that campus design prisons comprise various small buildings and operations houses that provide more reliable supervision of prisoners.

I feel Texas prisons should allow conjugal visits because of the immense benefit it has to the inmates. I believe that allowing conjugal visits will reduce the prison rape elimination act that happens inside the jail. Furthermore, proper evaluation should be done to ensure only inmates that were married before jail time are provided with conjugal visits. I do not believe that the Texas prison warden will back up conjugal visits because some of the jails require immense security and the visits will interfere with the operations. Also, the budget for setting the facilities will be another issue not to support the visitation.

Article 2

Inmates pass through significant challenges in navigating through the incarceration period. Although most prisoners always complete their sentence and get back to society, the

contact between them and the outside world, especially their family, was substantial in helping them be absorbed with society. Pleggenkuhle et al. (2018) claimed that visitation was essential to shield the pains of incarceration and extenuate some of the lasting collateral penalties of imprisonment. Moreover, having an opportunity to be visited provides the inmates with human contact that can inspire them and an opportunity to reconnect with the world. Also, visitation provides inmates with emotional support.

Prison visits also have other drawbacks because most inmates can suffer emotionally by remembering the previous events. However, inmates that do not receive visitation can also benefit because they will not suffer emotionally and subject their parents to greater visitation costs. Therefore, I would suggest that the inmates with limited contact be provided with counselors who will guide them on the proper ways of interacting with society when they go out. Similarly, the counselors can also provide emotional support to the inmates and be available when they need someone to talk to and share some information to get advice. These benefits are essential in helping them pass the time while in prison.

Article 3

Women play a critical role in their children's development. Therefore, when incarcerated while pregnant, they should be given some time to spend with their newborn children. I believe this will make the children bond with their mothers before they are taken away. Currently, many imprisoned women have 48 hours to stay with their children before they are taken away. Instead, I believe mothers should stay with their children for about six months to two years before they are taken away to ensure healthy development.

Recently released fathers with child support debt can easily turn into crime because of the pressures they encounter. For instance, one example presented by Haney (2018) was that of James. He was a notorious criminal and explained how he considered killing himself as an alternative to escape the child support debt. Instead, however, James decided to involve in drug dealing crime to save himself from reimprisonment for child support.

Ex-convicted male individuals with child support programs need appropriate emotional and material support from society to manage and become viable members of society. Similarly, it is through becoming viable partners that society provides substance to the male ex-convict and the social service agency to provide job opportunities to the individuals.

References

- Haney, L. (2018). Incarcerated fatherhood: The entanglements of child support debt and mass imprisonment. *American Journal of Sociology*, *124*(1), 1-48.
- Morris, R. G., & Worrall, J. L. (2014). Prison architecture and inmate misconduct: A multilevel assessment. *Crime & Delinquency*, *60*(7), 1083-1109.
- Pleggenkuhle, B., Huebner, B. M., & Summers, M. (2018). Opting out: The role of identity, capital, and agency in prison visitation. *Justice Quarterly*, *35*(4), 726-749.

0

ORIGINALITY REPORT

0%

SIMILARITY INDEX

0%

INTERNET SOURCES

0%

PUBLICATIONS

0%

STUDENT PAPERS

PRIMARY SOURCES

Exclude quotes Off

Exclude matches Off

Exclude bibliography On